



cerorld.

PRETTY NEAR 6,000 

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Yesterday's WORLD Contained

AND THE RECORD WAS AGAIN BROKEN.

PRICE ONE CENT.

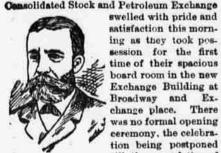
NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1888.

FINANCE'S SPLENDID HOME.

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE'S NEW BOARD-ROOM OPENED.

No Formal Ceremonies, but Lots of Enthusiasm and Cheering by Hundreds of Brokers-President Wilson on the Pres perity of the Body-The First Transaction Recorded-Sketches of the Exchange and Its Officers.

The breasts of the 2,400 members of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange swelled with pride and



Exchange Building at Broadway and Exchange place. There J was no formal opening ceremony, the celebration being postponed till the completion of CHAS. G. WILSON, the building. The PRESIDENT. brokers were all there, however, despite the fact that carpenters and plasterers were still

much enthusiasm as the condition of the market and state of trade would admit. When Chairmrn Peters mounted the mar ble rostrum at 9.45, with a colossal pink rose adorning the lapel of his coat, and saluted the throng, a cheer went up that was heard in the Stock Exchange, a block away, and

ried himself. At 10 o'clock President Wilson went upor the rostrum with Col. Thomas F. Watson, J P. Sadler and A. F. Faris, of the Building Committee, and sounded the big brass gong which Chairman Peters held up for him, to indicate that the new Exchange was open for business.

Most of the crowd had collected in front o the rostrum, and rousing cheers were pro posed and given for the new exchange, the Building Committee and the President. As soon as he could make himself heard, President dent Wilson made a brief address, which was enthusiastically applauded. He said:

was enthusiastically applauded. He said:
It is, indeed, an auspicious occasion which brings us together, a happy consummation of a great work, so long commenced, so steadily urged, and at length, notwithsianding difficulties almost insurmountable, so triumphantly accomplished.

As to a house for our future use we are as well, if not better provided than any Exchange in the city. As a financial enterprise, our most sanguine hopes are about being realized, it will be the duty as well as the pleasure of the Building Committee to officially report to you at the end of the fiscal year, May Si, all matters in detail in connection with the building, but I may be pardone; if I anticipate a little, and tell you what I feel certain you are all anxious to know.

and tell you what I feel certain you are all anxious to know:

That the erection and construction of the building will cost when completed about \$400,000; that nearly all the offices have been rented, with a fair prospect of renting the remaining ones before May 1; that the gross restals will suffice to pay the ground rent, taxes and running expenses and leave a surplus of more than \$10,000 to be applied to a sinking fund to reimburse us for the money expended in the creciton and construction of the building.

Let me congratulate you upon the successes you have hitherto scaleved, while in the freshness and intrepid vigor of youth, and ask. What may not be your future when such is your beginning?

The first transaction recorded on the floor

The first transaction recorded on the floor of the new Exchange after the sounding of the gong was the sale of 10,000 barrels of oil by A. H. Wicks to George Nelson, at 82. The main floor of the new building, which is devoted exclusively.

is devoted exclusively to the use of the Exto the use of the Exchange, forms one of the handsomest halls in the city. It extends from Broad way through to New street and across the entire width of the building, nearly 90 feet, inclosing an area of nearly 10,000 square feet. The principal entrance is the archway on Broad.

the archway on Brosd.
way nearest Exchange
place, the archway at
the north end of the
building being for the use of the general
public. The mezzanine floor, which forms a
gallery around three sides of the great room
for the ween distributions. use of visitors, is twenty-two feet he main floor. It contains the mem, above the main floor. It contains the mem, bers' parlor, committee rooms, smoking-rooms, President's office, Treasurer's office, Secretary's office and Directors' room, all of

Secretary's office and Directors' room, all of which will be handsomely furnished.

The committee which has had charge of the construction of the new building consists of Jerome F. Sadler, F. G. Saltonstall, Alfred L. Faris, George W. Hoagland, Charles F. Thumm, Robert A. Cheesebrough, together with Charles G. Wilson, the President of the Exchange: Thoms L. Watson, Second Vice-President, and John Stanton, Treasurer, who are ex-officio members.

are ex-officio members.

The Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange is the present name of an associa-

tion that was organized nearly thirteen years ago under the name of the New York Mining Stock Exchange. The founders of this asso-ciation were John Stanton, ir., Joseph E. Gay, J. Wyman Morris, L. V. Defor-

E. Gay, J. Wyman Morris, L. V. Defor-rest, R. H. Rickard, Charles O. Morris, Robt Courtney, James Gandolfo and E. W. The Exchange FRANK TACK, Morse. The Exchange was first opened for business on Nov.1, 1875.

at 24 Pine street. Its fitness for survival has been demonstrated by its successive absorption of the American Mining and Stock Exchange, the National Petroleum Exchange, the Miscailaneous Security Boar, the American Mining Board and the New York Petroleum and Stock Board.

Charles G, Wilson, who was for many years President of the old National Petroleum and Mining Exchanges, the consolidation of the color of the colo

Allning Exchange before the consolidation, and who has now for three terms been President of the Consolidated, was born in 1843 in fightimere, and began his career in that city as a lawyer. He retired from the profession in 1876. Four years later he came to New York and became a member of the American Mining and Stock Exchange. He was largely instrumental in creative the was largely instrumental in establishing the National Petroleum Exchange.

Frank Tack, the First Vice-President of the Exchange, is one of the pioneers in the Petroleum Exchange and is one of the Post one of the Post one of the Petroleum Exchange and is one of the Petro

the most active members of the Board. He is a Philadelphian, and served during the late war in the Twelf h Pennsylvania Cavalry under Gen. Thomas, a fact which accounts for his martial bearing, which

which accounts for his martial bearing, which makes him one of the most cons icuous men on the floor. When he left the army he went into the oil business in Pittsburg.

A. W. Peters, the stalwart Chairman of the Board, has a voice that corresponds in volume to his big frame, and it can always be heard above the most fearful din that the combined howls of the whole Board and an excited oil and stock market can produce. He was born in St. John, N. B., and first came to this city in 1867, when he acted as attorney for a Canadian firm in the old Gold Exchange. He afterwards was Secretary of that body until it became a department of the Stock Exchange, when he turned his attention to mining stock speculation, and was in 1878 elected Chairman of the Board, a position which he has held ever since. Mr. Peters is prominent in Masonic circles and is a member of the Old Guard.

Tips from the New Exchange. President Charles G. Wilson is a happy man to

George Bancroft thinks the galleries are too Q. A. Stevenson was there, quiet and knowing as ever.

board room in the new flowers. Joe Elliott's Jersey tenor is said to be mellowing with age. Dick Pulesser had evidently received a new tip on the market.

Willie Loch inspected the elevators with care and seemed satisfied. E. A. Server's handsome face plainly showed low happy he felt. Treasurer John Stanton was glad because every-

body else was glad. Col. William P. Modler smoked his "long nine with extra serenity. John M. Moore said: "This shows you what young men can do," at work in the galleries, and they showed as

Sam Omer celebrated with a boutonniere of sur-J. T. Duigan left his chicken-farm to join the A. M. Whitlock, jr., said: "This looks pretty weil for the uncrosnables." Lew Milliken says it's time now for the market to brace up and do something. in the Stock Exchange, a block away, and made Assistant Secretary Lewis remark that he felt as proud as if he had just been marked himself.

O. V. Vail's leg gymnastics added to the generally feature aspect of the foor.

Charles Newhouse remarked "I am glad I am here" about one hundred times.

C. N. Wilkinson wore a new silk hat, a ner necktle and a new suit of ciothes. Billy Lane loomed up majestic, but the skylight was still a little beyond his reach. H. O. Beebe thinks the new building a hummer and an ornament to the metropolis. C. H. Badeau's face wore all day the same beau-tiful smile it had on Easter Monday. Arthur Vyse's fresh boutonniere of Raster lilles and sunflowers was greatly admired.

Ross Underhill would have worn his new white Jim Anthony is congratulating himself more than ever to taink that he sold his seat. H. S. Kingsbury almost forgot that he was bear in the exhibitation of the moment. Frank Tack thought there was too much lime just on the floor, and wanted it sprinkled. Eddy Jewett for once forgot pool, and gave him self up to admiration of the big sky-light, A request for Theodore Taylor to give "Rocked in the Cradle" was entiusiastically received.

D. K. Young thinks it would be only proper to have a house-warming about the middle of May. Broker Tedcastle decided to make his first ap-pearance in a suit of clothes be had worn before. Secretary Billy Lewis wished that the galleries were finished, so that the girls might be on hand. Charley and George Neison were dressed very nearly, and, as usual, wore their dark mustaches. The De Aquera twins were among the first to jump into the market, and they caught it on the

Charley Nelson strained the acoustic properties of the hall early in the forenoon, but nothing gave of the hall early in the foren

Nic Mehlen indulged in some spicy remarks in one of the dead languages in honor of the occa-G. W. Fuller, jr., looked well, and his patent teather shoes and link cuff fasteners were much admired.

Col. Tom Watson's friends declare that the change will give renewed stimulus to his literary activity.

Alfred L. Faris says there's nothing like it in the world, and his eye-glasses fairly sparkled with er R. O. Cheesebrough was of the opinion that a little vaseline would make the rostrum more neat

and glossy.

C. M. Easton would have felt happier if Glinjore's Band could have been on hand to play a
few tunes. ewitines.

Le Grand S. Cholwell thinks it is a shame that the boys in the stock crowds have no pillars to

Livingston Roe, who makes the boys look lively the ever he comes on the floor, was quiet and Eddie Kimball delighted his friends by practicing his Whyo yell. He says the acoustics of the new hall are excellent. Ed Wemple finds now that he has plenty of room to his long, sweeping leg motion and the exercise of his powerful voice.

George R. Gibson, one of the wizards of the oil market, thinks that the Stock Exchange will have to take a back sea: now. Tom Marshall is in a hurry to have the smoking-room finished. These April days are too uncer-tain for sidewalk puffing.

John C. Cathoun tried his calliopian voice a few times and the people in the street thought a circus parade was coming along. Charley Brown did not let the festivity of the oc-casion rattie him, but was looking about as eagerly for "eights" as ever.

Chairman Peters likes his without so many carpenters and plasterers, but he discharged his duties with his customary dignity.

Brother Tewksberry shakes his head when he looks at the high gallery. He's afraid his friends can't recognize him at that distance.

H. A. Patterson, the veteran, doesn't care where he operates so long as the market is lively and there is a chance to make a quick turn. Patent leather shoes, high black slik hats and white four-in-hand scaris were as pientiful as daisies in a brook meadow in the summer time.

Sam Osborn particularly admires the new marble rostrum, which he thinks admirably sets off the manly beauty of the presiding officer and his as-listant. Belonging to this Exchange are seven Murphys, nine Wheelers, ten Lawrences, sixteen Taviors, seventeen Millers, nineteen browns and twenty Smiths.

Charley Queckberner's big chest seemed to be heaving with pride as he gazed about the ball. He looked as if he would like to break the hammer record right then and there. The active traders in the oil crowd this morning were Frank Tack, M. Lauterback, Teleastie, W. S. Nailey, William Lane, L. W. Capman, Nie Meilen, Emil Schalk, Duncan White and M. A. Van Winkie,

In the different stock crowds were the following active traders: George Betts, L. T. Lee, I. Skidmore, George W. Peck, G. W. Hoagland, H. A. Patterson, Reginald Travers, J. A. Billings, P. F. McDon.id, W. H. Hendersob, Henry M. Cook, W. F. Moller, G. W. Roseveit, F., R. E. Gallagher, C. B. Brown, C. P. West, C. Hicking, S. P. Phillips, George Farrel, Tommy Forrest, E. S. Mendels and the De Aguera twins.

Lewis F. Brower, of East Meadow, L. L. was put on trial this morning for the second time for a

TAKEN AWAY SUDDENLY AT LIVERPOOL BY HEART DISEASE.

He Had Gone to Meet His Daughter, Who Was on the Aurania-A Distinguished Scholar Who Was Well-Known to Americans by Reason of His Proposalties us a Critic-An Able Poet.

[BY CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.] LONDON, April 16.—Matthew Arnold, the distinguished writer, is dead.

While walking with his sister yesterday in Liverpool, where he had come to meet his daughter, he suddenly fell on his face and in stantly expired.

His death was caused by disease of the heart.

Matthew Arnold, whose name is fresh in the minds of all The Work, b's readers by reason of his recently published views on 'Civilization in the United States," was born at Laleham, England, Dec. 24, 1822. He dabled in verse from his earliest years, and won at Oxford the Newdegate prize for English verse by an epic on Cromwell. He became a fellow of Oriel College, but drifted into public relations and became private secretary to Lord Lansdowne. The influence he was enabled to exert in this way procured him an appointment in 1849 as one

fluence he was enabled to exert in this way procured him an appointment in 1849 as one of the lay inspectors of schools, which he found welcome, as he had by this time become the head of a family.

In 1849 Mr. Arnold made his public debut as a poet with the publication of a volume entitled "The Strayed Reveller and Other Poems." In 1852 he followed this with "Empedocles on Ætna and Other Poems." Volume followed volume, and in 1857 Mr. Arnold became Professor of Poetry in Oxford Uniersity, a position he held ten years. His later works are: "Balder." Merope." "On Translating Homer," "Essays on Criticism." "Study of Celtic Literature," "Schools and Universities on the Continent," "Culture and Anarchy," "St. Paul and Protestantism," "Friendship's Garland," "Literature and Dogma."

ism," Friendship's Garland," Literature and Dogma."

Mr. Arnold visited New York and a good deal of America, which he found large but uncultured, two years ago. The Nindeenth Century Magazine for April contains his impressions of this country. They are not very flattering, the poet-traveller having found difficently in recovering from the dyspepsia super induced by a diligent course of dining out while viewing our institutions. Mr. Arnold was a large man, who parted his brown hair in the middle, wore ill-fitting clothes and had rather repellent features.

MISS COFFIN NOT LEGALLY SANE. Judge Barrett's Strong Opinion About Kyrle Bellew's Admirer.

Judge Barrett to-day set aside the verdic of the Sheriff's jury who found that Miss Harriet E. Coffin, who fell in love with Kyrle Bellew, was sane. He says in his decision : Bellew, was sane. He says in his decision:

It is difficult to sacertain upon what principle the
Sheriff's jury found the verdict of sanity in this
proceeding. They have certainly disregarded
clear, apparently credible and certainly convincing
testimony. Inot a particle of evidence was offered
to controvert the testimony of physicians and laymen tending to establish Miss Coffic's unsonneness
of mind, it is therefore not the case of a verdict
against the weight of evidence, but directly antagonistic to all the evidence.

He also cause that the reconsidered

He also says that the proceeding was im-properly conducted and gives leave to apply for a trial before a jury.

Took Camp Osceola by Storm.

ISPECIAL TO THE WORLD. I PENSACOLA, Fla., April 16.—There was an exciting time at Camp Osceola last night. Admiral nce and staff smuggled themse well as Luce and staff smuggied themselves, as well as a box of Gattin gun amminition to camp, and, loading a Gatling, opened fire, taking everybody by surprise. Drums and bugles called to general quarters at once, and the camp was defended by the Navai Brigade. The men turned out promptly and formed the line of battle, to the great satisfaction of Admiral Luce, Gen, Heyerman and Adjt.-Gen. Dillingham.

Each for Himself and Four Against One. HELENA, Ark. , April 16. —One of the largest audi ences ever attendant upon a public meeting in ences ever attendant upon a public meeting in Belena was present Saturday to listen to the joint discussion of the five candidates for Gubernatorial honors. The candidates are Gov. T. F. lughes, the present incumbent, who has been in office for two terms; E. W. Rector, J. J. Eagle, W. M. Fishback and John G. Hencher. The Coal Hill tragedies were freely discussed by the various candidates, and were used as an argument against the re-election of the present incumbent.

The Third Assembly District Republican Conventon, which was held at Pine Bridge, adjourned lion, which was need at Pine Bridge, apported hate Saturday night after nominaling the following delegates to the convention which is to be held at White Plainer George W. Robertson, Henry Morton, Cyrus Lawrence, John B. Thompkins and James P. Teed. A resolution presented by James Wood, of Mouta hisco, was unanimously adopted, recommending that the delegates chosen to the National Convention at Chicago should vote as a unit for the nomination of Chauncey M. Depew for President.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Twenty-three passengers are injured in a colli-ton on the Pennsylvania Rallroad. Haitie Woolstelu, of Los Angeles, Cal., charged with murdering her sweetheart, is acquitted after a trial lasting fourteen days.

Boulanger is elected to the Chamber of Deputies rom the Department du Rord by 26,000 majority. The Emperor Frederick is too ill to drive out.

The Standard Oil Company is going to build a pipe line to Chloago.

Dr. Cox, of Esston, Pa., has been convicted of Jenne Osborne's death. Striking Chicago brewers talk of bombs, dynamits and carridges to bring their employers to terms.

Daniel C. Robbins, the head of the firm of Mc-

Kesson & Cobbins, the great wholesale drug-house, died suddenly in Pierrepont street, Brooklyn, yes-terday, of heart disease.

The Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Canada Southern	4834	46%	4.854
Cale., Bur & Quiney	1184	11854	Hay
Chicago & Northwest	100%	1075	1067
Chie., Mil. & et. Paul	04.	111	7.7
Chie., Rock Island & Pacific	110	110	110
Chic. & rastern Linuota.	41%	31	21.7
	33%	935	204
Colorado Coal & Iron	18372	150179	1251
Dejaware & Hudson	10.10	10 1	107 1
East Tenn., Va. & Georgia	1034	1014	10%
Ft. Worth & Denver City	11 . 34	8456	84 54
Louisville & Nashville	6432	6434	64
Lake Shore.	Billi	89	288.W
Lake Shore	4952	41154	4115
Manhattan Consol	85	85	85
Michigan Central	375	27.84	27.44
Missouri Pacific	73%	7076	72
New Jersey Centras	1.14	71176	17.736
New York Central N. V. & New England N. V., Chic. & St. L. 2d prd	108	105	10:3
N. X. & New Stigland	24.7	20.199	1.70
N. Y., Chic. & ht. to 20 pro	2775	27.1	200
N. V. Lake Erie & Western.	100	84.79	160
N. Y., Susq. & Western pfd.	284	On be	7016
Northern Paeme pid.	4142	405	17.44
Ohio & Mississippl	2014	Think:	2014
Ore. Railway & Narigation	89	313	RX
Orngun Transcontinental	1+54	1:16	1934
Philadelphia & Reading	67%	5814	57.3
Pegria, Decatur & Evans	1834	1466	1634
Ruch, & West Print Ter	2334	2026	2036
Rich. & W. P. Ter. pfd	63	6519	68
St. Paul & On da	.25	36	355
St. Paul, Minn. & Manitoba,	10314	1 234	4 194
ht. Louis & Ban Francisco pfd	0.134	9114	013
Texas Pacino	727	573	2079
Jenn. Coat & Iron	45/2	13.5	5034
Watterif Dalon To graph	100	74	190
Whealing & Lake Erie.	All's	81	617
At Desired or page 1719-11111-11111	10.0	17.5	-

IS GILLIG WANTED IN LONDON? Mr. Abbry Just Bought a \$10,000 Letter

of Credit in His Company.

A special cablegram from London to THE World this morning intimates the probable arrest of Henry F. Gillig, of the American Exchange in Europe, on his arrival in England, because of the revelation of star-tling business methods on examination of the books of the suspended concern.

At the office of William N. Cromwell. Gil-lig's counsel, that Gillig would be arrested was doubted.

Others there are who say that Mr. Gillig's immunity from arrest is only fancied and

immunity from arrest is only fancied and hint at indictments under the English Treas-

hint at indictments under the English Treasury laws for failure to make annual statements of the condition of the exchange.

George Thompson, Mr. Gillig's private secretary, asserts positively that the latter sailed in the Etruria on Saturday. He saw him off.

Among the many holders of letters of credit on the late American Exchange, in Europe, who are likely to be left lamenting is Manager Henry E. Abbey, who sailed away with his family on Saturday week, having deposited \$10,000 with the Exchange and taken out a letter of credit for that amount. out a letter of credit for that amount. (¡Saturday morning his business agents wer-hustling about collecting funds to cable to Mr. Abbey.

Mr. Abbey.
Mr. Gillig had issued invitations for a the are party at Wallacks on Saturday evening, and purchased thirty-five orchestra chairs for his guests. These places were occupied, but the host was sailing the ocean blue when the

the host was sailing the ocean blue when the curtain rose on the first act of "She Stoops to Conquer."

To add to the Gillig gossip, now rife all over town, come reminiscences of the Fourth of July bail with which the rather sumptuous "young American banker" entertained his countrymen who were sojourning in London last season. The invitations were issued to meet Mr. Blaine, and despite Mr. Gillig's claim to enjoying the entree to London Society (in the most exalted sense of the term and witu a capital "S"), a somewhat "motley crowd" of Britons appeared to have been bidden to the feast.

In several instances where Lord and Lady So-and-So were asked Lord So-and-So accepted, but escorted instead of "My Lady" some young woman known to fame on the variety stage.

variety stage.

This slightly mixed festivity took place at Grosvenor Gallery (that locality of "greenery yallery" celebrity). It was seminently successful in the way of gayety, which waxed fast and furious after the Blaine party had taken leave

fast and furious after the Blaine party had taken leave.

Among the titled guests present was that noble peer Lord Mandeville, who was accompanied by the blonde and bewitching Bessie Belleville, of concert hall and other celebrity in London. The little affair is said to have cost Mr. Gillig \$7,000.

CHIEF INSPECTOR BYRNES.

General Approval Expressed of the Law Giving Him Promotion.

There is great rejoicing at Police Headquarters this morning over the news that quarters this morning over the news that Gov. Hill has signed the act which provides that the senior Inspector of Police shall have the rank of Chief Inspector and shall act as Superintendent in case of the absence, in-ability or death of that official. The salary is fixed at \$5,000 a year. The present senior Inspector is Inspector Byrnes. The Commissioners, Superintendent and

The Commissioners, Superintendent and Inspectors heartily approve the measure and say that, in addition to benefiting the department, it is a worthy compliment to Inspector Byrnes. By it the dangerous possibility of the police force being suddenly left without a head is removed.

Inspector Byrnes said: "I knew nothing of the bill until it was passed. I am very thankful, of course, to the members of the Legislature and the Governor for making it a law. I shall continue to discharge my enlarged duties faithfully and conscientiously as I have done heretofore, and strive to merit the confidence which is reposed in me." he confidence which is reposed in me

Kerr's Case Indefinitely Postpoued. lows, the motion to change the venue in the case of Taomas B. Kerr, reasurer of the Broadway railroad, indicted for britery, which was to have been argued before Judge Patterson to-lay, was ndefinitely postponed.

Talked of by Workingmen.

Waiters' Union No. 1 has joined the American ederation of Labor. The Urania Labor Club of Waiters will fine any member \$2 who is seen drinking pool beer.

The Journeymen Plumbers' Union has given its delinquent members until the first meeting in May in which to settle up.

The Sorgical Instrument Makers' Union has passed a resolution cen-uring the College of Physicians and Surgeons for demanding the repeal of the tariff on surgical instruments. The Clothing Traces Section will meet to-night, when the differences between the Washington Association and the Shoe-Workers' Protective Union will come up for consideration.

will come up for consideration.

The scheme of the National District Assembly of street railway employees to establish a reading-room and library is progressing favorably. The railway companies have promised and.

The Central Labor Union of Rochester is circulating a petition for the removal of William Purceif from his position as Chairman and member of the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration.

The report that a colossal strike is about to take place in the building trades is characterized by the delegates of the unloss representing them as very abaurd and without any real foundation in fact.

A mass-meeting of presemen and feeters, under A mass-meeting of presemen and freders, under the suspices of the Frankin Association, will be held this evening in Fythagoras Hall. Master Workman Ferris, of District Assembly 64, John T. McKeonnie and J. A. Sisunton will deliver ad-

Runawaya in the Park. The horse attached to the light wagon driven by G. P. Lydecker, of Ann and Nass ustreets, shied at a bleycle and smashed one of the front wheels. A collision occurred on the West Drive between the cerriages of Mr. Newburger, of 11% Lexington avenue, and M. H. Marz, of 123 East One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street. Not much damage was done.

Policeman Mahoney, a probation man, made a daring capture of a renaway saddle horse on the East Drive. The rider, Mr. Kenneday Childs, of South Washington square, had been thrown, and was somewhat bruised.

Several runaways occurred in Central Park yes-terday. Mounted Policeman Doolady stopped a saddle horse which had thrown its rider, C. Hirsch-berger, of No. 157 East Sixteenth street. The lat-ter escaped with a few bruises. A horse attached to a light wagon driven by Leonard Munhelmer, of 100 Avenue C, came in coll son with a carriage driven by Mr. Gornar, of 26 East Twenty-second street. The wagon shalt penetrated the winnow of Mr. Goriner's coach, tearing the cress of a lady in it.

The body of the old lady who died in an Eighth avenue surface car last Friday, has been identified at the Morgue as that of Mrs. Marg. ret Britting, aged sixty, of 126 Greenwich avenue. H, Ciay McManon was held for trial at the Tombs this morning for advertising "green" goods. He had a letter-box in L: Simon's cigar after at 400 Canal street.

## THE BIG FIGHT IS ON.

Seventy-nine Breweries Close Their Doors at Noon To-Day.

Five Thousand Men Thrown Out of Employment.

The Bosses Make Good Their Threats o Looking Out Their Workmen-The Men Stand Firm and Refuse to Ruise the Boycott-What Caused the Trouble-The Central Labor Union to Help the Mon in Their Great Fight for Their Unions.

The great fight between the boss brewers and their workmen has begun,

At noon to-day the expected lockout took place. Seventy-nine breweries in this city and vicinity shut down, throwing about five thousand men out of employment.

The trouble between the bosses and the men began several months ago, when Milwaukee malt was boycotted. On March 26 the United States Brewers' Association decided to refuse to recognize the workmen's unions. Several breweries in Brooklyn and Newark were promptly boye otted, and in retaliation the association; on April 10, noti-fied the men that unless the boycotts were removed the breweries would shut down at

removed the preweries would shut down at mon to-day.

The men decided to carry on the fight to the end, as they believed that the bosses were bent on breaking up their unions.

Special provision was made by Police Supt.

Murray to quell any disturbances that might arise on account of the lockout. All the re-

serves in the districts north of Harlem were held in readiness.

The first of the men to be thrown out of work were those employed by Michael Groh's Sons, at 242 West Twenty-eighth street, and by Burr, Son & Co., of 227 West Eighteen h street. Burr, Son & Co. had fifty

street, and by Burr, Son & Co. of 227 West Eighteen h street. Burr, Son & Co. had fifty men at work.

The Central Labor Union has issued its order declaring that "the friends of labor shall not patronize any place where beer is sold, except such as are recommended by the Journeymen Brewers' Union." At the meeting of that body yesterday it was the unanimous opinin of the delegates present that the fight was not simply between the men and the bosses, but is one between capital and organized labor, and that capital has thrown down the gauntlet of battle with the full intention of striking a powerful blow at organized labor.

Nearly the entire afternoon was taken up by the Central Union in discussing the brewers' troubles. The National Union of the United Brewery Workmen sent in a communication asking that in the event of a lockout of all hands in this city, all friends of labor and members of societies affiliated with the Central Union be requested not to accept employment in any of the breweries in the place of the men who may be locked out.

There was a great deal of talk on the matter, the speakers declaring that there was no alternative for the employees in the business but to abondon the rorganizations or submit to a lockouts, the manifesto sent out by the Brewers' Association clearly showed the intention of that body, which is the non-recognition of organized labor.

It was therefore forced upon the Central union to meet the association in the struggle for the right of men to organize for mutual protection, and the delegates asserted that it would be done to the utmost of their ability. The Arbitration and the Boycott Committees reported that they had used every honorable means to settle the difficulty, but thes

tees reported that they had used every hon-orable means to settle the difficulty, but that the boss brewers had refused to recognize organized labor in the matter. The committees therefore submitted pre-ambles and resolutions reciting the intention ambles and resolutions reciting the intention of the bosses to lock out their men if the Central Labor unions of Brooklyn and Newark did not obey the mandate of the Brewers' Association and drink the beer that it decided they should drink; that the pool brewers have assumed to dictate to the American people what beer shall be drunk by them, and that the attempt to dictate is an insult to every American citizen and an encroachment upon personal liberty.

The Journeymen Finnibers' Union has given its delinquent members until the first meeting in May in which to settle up.

It was not the Elka' Association of Shop Butchers that raised the boycott on Mr. Freund. The Elka have no authority to raise boycotta.

The shops of McCafferty & Donovan and F. A. Riugier & Co. have been declared non-union by Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union No. 1.

The Cigar-Makers' International Union is continuing the battle against the non-union factories by spreading the boycott against their goods.

The Journeymen Branch Town Harmond Carlink, and that the friends of labor shall not patronize any places where beer is sold, except such as are recommended by the Journeymen Brewers' Union Sundays.

The Source State of the passage of the battle prohibiting the delivery of cataoles on Sandays.

The Surgical Instrument Makers' Union has passed a resolution cen-uring the College of Physicians and Surgeons for demanding the repeal of the tait on surgical instruments.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted by a rising vote.

Preparations are being made for a big mass-meeting on Wednesday or Thursday night in Cooper Union, at which prominent labor

leaders will speak.

The brewery workmen also met in Claren-don Hall yesterday forenoon, and declared don Hall yesterday forenoon, and declared their intention to stand firmly by their organization. Speeches were made by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor; Louis Herbrand, Secretary of the National Brewers' Union; Ernest Kurzenkusbe, Secretary, and Charles Pommer, Walking Delegate of the Brewery Working men's Unions. The action of the bosses was characterized as unjust and unwarranted and a conspiracy against their men. a conspiracy against their men.

Here is an item from the baseball notes in yes-terday's Press: "The EVENING WORLD knows a terday's Press: "The EVENING WORLD knows a good thing when it sees it. The proof of it is the fact that yesterday afternoon it published the Press's handy scaedules of New York and Brooklyn Club ball games at home and abroad, with a memorandum that "lovers of the game should paste it in their hats for Faudy reference." The Press is complimented by the Evening World. The only objection to the matter is that The World neglects to state that it eribbed the idea from the Press. However, the World has done a good thing for the ball cranks and on that score is entitled to forgiveness."

Caught Napping.

the ball cranks and on that score is entitled to forgiveness."

THE EVENING WORLD is always ready to give
credit whenever and wherever it is due, and while
we concede the excellence of the massball news in
the Press, candor compels the statement that the
idea of publishing local baseball schedules in
chronological form was evolved a year before either
THE EVENING WORLD or the Press came line exlatence, and was first done by the Boston Gibbs.
Why didn't the Press give the Gobe credit for the
idea?

Spicide of Frank Bertram. MIDDLETOWS, N. Y., April 16. -Frank Bertram, sixty years of age, committed suicide issi night by taking a dose of laudspum.

Athletes and ball-players have found that the best thing for soreness, sprains, bone bruises, pains and inflammations of all kinds is Fond's Extract. Avoid worthless imita-tions.





Flies High With the Votes of the French People.

BOULANGER'S GREAT VICTORY. An Extraordinary Charge Against the General by " Le Radical."

(BY CARLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.) Paris, April 16 .- The victory of Gen. Boulanger is overwhelming. His friends claim his majority is far beyong their expec tations.

The Opportunist journals admit defeat. La Republique Française says : " Madness is in the air, but we do not despair, and will continue to fight our battle." The Petit Journal, with a circulation of a

million, admonishes the Government to attach proper significance to this great demonstration of universal suffrage. Gen. Boulanger spent the greater part of the night at a restaurant opposite the Madeleine, where he received the returns

Dillon was with him and also a number of members of the Chamber of Deputies. Paris Le Radical (newspaper) publishes the

following extraordinary report, for which it vouches: Gen. Boulanger agreed last February to begin an agitation with the object of setting up a government and placing Prince Victor, the eldest son of Prince Napoleon (Plon Plon) at the head of it. Should the latter part of the scheme be impracticable the General was to take the position of Chief of the Executive Power himself. To carry this plot into effect, the garrison of Paris had been worked round to support the General

in anything he might undertake. For this service the Bonapartists were furnishing the funds for the election in the North; and they continue to supply them for the wholesale seduction of the army, in order to carry out the conspiracy.

IBY CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION ! Beslin, April 16.—The Emperor had a bad ght. The irritation of the throat has inreased and causes constant coughing. Bronchitis is feared, in which event the

case would be desperate. The Emperor's temperature is high this morning.

LITTLE HOPE FOR MR. CONKLING. His Physicians Unable to Give His Friend

Much Encouragement. There was little or no change in the condition of ex Sanator Roscoe Conkling this morning. Yesterday was his worst day. At morning. Yesterday was his worst day. At o'clock this morning Dr. Hartley said that Mr. Conkling had slept four hours during the night, that he had taken his milk, jelly and kumyss, and that he was at that time sleeping fitfully.

Drs. Baker and Sands called at 9.15 a. M. They were with Mr. Conkling three-quarters of an hour. Dr. Sands dressed the wound that was made in the operation of a week ago. He found it very sensitive, which he declared to be a favorable symptom.

During the dressing, Mr. Conkling clutched Dr. Barker's hand, exclaiming: "Doctor, what are they doing? Why don't you stop them? I did not think you would treat me so!"

Yet Dr. Barker says: "If there is any hange, Mr. Coukling has improved since esterday. He has had four and a half hours change, M yesterday. of good rest—a splendid preparation for the day. He has taken twenty-nine ounces of milk and rum and is nore concious this morning. His pulse is 84, his tempera-ture 99. Yet the old physician could not offer more

than one chance in five for life to Mr. Conking.
"I shall be sixty years old next week," he l shall be sixty years out next wear, as said smiting. "Mr. Conkling would have been sixty in October and Dr. Agnew is fifty-cight." The expression, "would have been," curries a grand significance.
White Dr. Barker speaks frequently of Mr.

Conking's increase of inteligence, others who are permitted to see him invariably report that he is delirious and not at all in his right mind. All say that his weakness is pitable and there is evidence of this in the fact that the floor-walking is not entirely stopped, even when the pain is most racking and severe.

This message, unsigned, was received by This message, dangering: Mrs. Conkling this morning: Urica, April 18.

DEAR MADAN: The citizens of Utica, irrespective of party, are on bended knees to-sight imporing Aimighly Gost that he will parte to his family and to his country that greatest of hving statesmen. to his country that greatest of hving statesmee, Roscoe Consing.

At moon the ex-Senator was still dozing and quiet. He is exceedingly weak, but seems to be in less pain than yesterday. He is not conscious when awake. The Wrestler Te is His Story.

Matsada Sorakichi, the wrestler, gives a some-

what different picture of his domestic life from that furnished by his wife and published in The Work preserved w. He said that he had kept a good home for his wife and that ahe broke it up by her ni-temper and ner love for champagne. Dr. Agnew a Little Better.

PRICE ONE CENT.

DID SHE KILL THE ARTIST 1

DISS DEBAR CREDITS HER ENEMIES WITH THE MURDER CHARGE.

the Admits Taking Some of Old Loows hertz's Pictures, but Denies that She Got His Money - Very Gloomy Now-Perhaps She May Induce March to Put 25.000 in the City Chamberlain's Hands

Darker clouds than Ann O'Delia has yet een now impend over the head of the capive Spiritualistic medium, and for the first time the gravity of her situation dawns upon

Assured of the unfaltering support of the deluded lawyer, Marsh, she thought che might be able to elude the charge of conspiracy, but the disclosures as to her relations with old Miser Loewenhertz and the likelihood that she may be indicted for causing his mysterious death have dannted her proud pirit.

Loewenhertz was between sixty-five and seventy years of age, and had the reputation of being a miser. It is known that Mme. Diss Debar had an influence over him, and that during his later years she lived in the same house with him. He was not known to be rick till a few hours before his death, when Mme, Diss Debar notified the police, and he was found unconscious in his room.

The autopsy developed traces of poison. Mme. Diss Debar busied herself about his room after he died and attended his funeral. She removed many pictures from his sore. His reputed wealth mysteriously disappeared. Mr. Hummel says that he has evidence on which he will ask the District-Attorney to indict Mme. Diss Debar for the murder of Loswenhertz.

An Evening World reporter, who had a long interview with the medium in her Tomba cell this morning, found her in a

from the north as they came in. Count

Tomba cell this morning, found her in a very despondent condition.

She was dressed in black silk and black lace, and looked even stouter than usual. Her complexion has become pale and putty-like through long confinement and she seemed to have been weeping.

"This charge," she said, referring to the Loewenhertz matter, "puts a much more serious aspect on my case. I did not know my enemies would go thus far. Heaven knows I am not responsible for Mr. Loewenhertz's death.

"He was an old dealer in pictures with whom I had business relations—that is all. He was not wealthy. He was taken sick at 49 University place on Dec. 2, 1886, and was removed to the New York Hospital at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day. He died at 10 o'clock that night of pneumouia. It is true that I attended his funeral and that I took some pictures from his place after his death, but they were my contracts. attended his funeral and that I took some pictures from his place after his death, but they were my own pictures. He did not die of puison, and I did not benefit by his will or share his estate."

"Did the pictures which you took from Loewenhertz's store resemble those which the spirits produced for Mr. Marche.

the spirits produced for Mr. Marsh's edifica-The madame looked hurt, but as the re-porter protessed his faith, she replied in the

negative.
Ann O'Delia is ev dently tired of ber prison house. She complained that while in her cell she could not make adequate preparations for her defense or adequately refute the more serious charge now pending against She has been advised that if the amount of

her bail, \$5,000, be deposited with the City Chamberlain, she may regain her freedom temporarily despite Judge Kilbreth's objec-tions, and this action will probably be taken Mme, Diss Debar intimated to the reporter that she might apply to Mr. Marsh for the \$5,000, but if that resource failed she would

sell some of her pictures, even at the sacri-fice of nine-tenths of their value. The Black-and-White Dog Was Whipped. About thirty sporting men sat around a private pit vesterday and witnessed a battle between Lucie, pit yesterday and witnessed a battle between Lucie, New Jersey prindle weighing 35% pounds, and Sport, a black-and-white built terrier, two pound heavier. The match was for a stake of \$200. Sport was the favorite at the start at \$100 to \$60, but he failed to take a good hold when the chance was offered. Lucie was on the foor every moment of the battle, and seemed played out when, at the end of one hour and twelve minutes. Sport failed to scratch and Lucie was declared the winner.

The entries for the rac s to be run to-morrow at the North Hudson Driving Park are as follows: 

J. J. Healy..... Lb. 1 5 Jim Bradt... 1 2 k ko 1 22 h 1 rod 1 19 King Ponzo . Daly Oak . Shelty Barnes. First \$10., for all ages: selling slow-Fifth Bace. - Furse \$10., for all ages: selling slow-access borses entered not to be sold to carry 170 lb.;

It May Rain or Even Snow, Washington, April 16.

-Weather indications:
For Connecticut — Light
rate or sums, followed
by tair weather; slight
champes in temperature;
brisk northwestering
icints, backing to northuse terty.
For Eastern New York

-Fair weather, preceded
in Southeastern New York by light vain or sums;

In Southeastern Sein York by light rain or snow; sight changes in temperature; fresh to brisk northerty winds.

The Weather Te-Day. Indicated by Blaker's tele-thermometer:

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Dr. Sands and this morning that Dr. Agnew was a little better to day, but that his chance of itte was